

PRIORITY AREA 1: Prevention: 50% reduction in HIV incidence rate by 2011

GOAL 1: REDUCE VULNERABILITY TO HIV INFECTION AND THE IMPACT OF AIDS

Objective	Intervention	5-year target					Lead Agency
		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	
1.1: Accelerate poverty reduction strategies and strengthen safety nets to mitigate the impact of poverty	Scale up access to government poverty alleviation programmes	30%	40%	60%	80%	90%	Presidency; SALGA, DPLG Govt, Treasury DSD; DTI; Business
	Monitor poverty reduction programmes and report on MDG target one	Annual	Annual	Annual	Annual	Annual	Presidency; DSD; DTI; Private sector; NPA
	Ensure equitable provision of basic social services such as housing, water, sanitation, roads, transport, health services, education especially in rural and urban informal settlements	Quarterly campaigns	Quarterly campaigns	Quarterly campaigns	Quarterly campaigns	Quarterly campaigns	DPLG; DSD; DTI; SALGA; Local Authorities, Business; Spatial development partners
	Introduce sustainable income transfer system to poor families including child-headed households	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%	Treasury; Social Development; Civil Society
1.2: Accelerate programmes to empower women and educate men, and women (including the boy and girl child) on human rights in general and women's rights in particular	Implement all national policies and legislation aimed at improving the status of women	Annual monitoring	Annual	Annual	Annual	Annual	Presidency; Men's sector; women's sector; DoH; DPLG; NPA
	Develop and implement a communication strategy including leadership messages, to educate men and women, boys and girls, on women's rights and human rights	Communication Strategy developed	Quarterly campaigns	Quarterly campaigns	Quarterly campaigns	Quarterly campaigns	Presidency NPA All
	Roll-out integrated microfinance and gender education interventions starting in the poorest and highest HIV burden areas	Develop & implement at least 1/province	4/province	8/province	16/province	32/province	DSD; Private sector; Treasury; NGOs; Presidency
1.3: Develop and implement strategies to address gender based violence	Develop communication strategies including leadership messages, which addresses the unacceptability of coercive sex, gender power stereotypes and the stigmatisation of rape survivors	Communication Strategy developed	Quarterly campaigns and ongoing	Quarterly campaigns and ongoing	Quarterly campaigns and ongoing	Quarterly campaigns and ongoing	NPA; DoE; DoH; DSD; DoJ; Presidency; NGOs

THE HIV & AIDS AND STI STRATEGIC PLAN FOR SOUTH AFRICA: (NSP 2007-2011)

1.4: Create an enabling environment for HIV testing	Develop high profile campaigns utilising peer influence to promote HIV testing and disclosure	Develop & implement	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	DOH, Social Development Cluster, Civil Society Structures, Private Sector
	Expand access to HIV testing beyond formal health care settings such as community and non-health care settings	At least 1 non-health care facility point per district	5/district	10/district	20/district	30/district	DOH, Social Development Cluster, Civil Society Structures, Private Sector
	Develop clear, consistent HIV prevention messages to be delivered by leadership from all sectors at all available opportunities	Prevention key messages for leadership developed	Update quarterly	Update quarterly	Update quarterly	Update quarterly	DOH, Govt, Civil Society, Private Sector
1.5: Build and maintain leadership from all sectors of society to promote and support the NSP goals	Ensure regular updates in sectors on priority activities and messages	Quarterly reports on sector indicators	Quarterly reports on sector indicators	Quarterly reports on sector indicators	Quarterly reports on sector indicators	Quarterly reports on sector indicators	SANAC
	Mobilise and engage custodians of culture and cultural practices through debates, seminars and workshops on cultural practices that fuel the spread of HIV as well as those that are desirable	Program for traditional leaders developed	Quarterly forum	Quarterly forum	Quarterly forum	Quarterly forum	Traditional Leaders Sector, DACST, DoH, traditional structures, civil society, & private sector
1.6: Support national efforts to strengthen social cohesion in communities and to support the institution of the family	Support programmes that aim to develop HIV and AIDS knowledgeable and competent communities and families	Develop & implement	Ongoing	Ongoing	Ongoing	Ongoing	DOH, Social Development Cluster, Civil Society Structures, Private Sector, DPLG, SALGA, local authorities
1.7: Build AIDS competent communities through tailored competency processes.	Design and implement ward-based community competency programmes in most vulnerable communities	Community competency programmes developed and piloted in 9 provinces	30% ward-based vulnerable communities covered	50%	60%	70%	DOH, DPLG, SALGA, DSD, Local authorities, Private sector CBO's